## Midterm Exam I

Math 361 9/27/10

Name:

## Read all of the following information before starting the exam:

- READ EACH OF THE PROBLEMS OF THE EXAM CAREFULLY!
- Show all work, clearly and in order, if you want to get full credit. I reserve the right to take off points if I cannot see how you arrived at your answer (even if your final answer is correct).
- A single 8  $1/2 \times 11$  sheet of notes (double sided) is allowed. Calculators are permitted.
- Circle or otherwise indicate your final answers.
- Please keep your written answers clear, concise and to the point.
- This test has . problems and is worth 100 points. It is your responsibility to make sure that you have all of the pages!
- Turn off cellphones, etc.
- READ EACH OF THE PROBLEMS OF THE EXAM CAREFULLY!
- Good luck!

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**1.** (20 points) **a.** (10 pts) 10 people are in a room. Assuming their birthdays are independent and uniformly distributed, what is the probability that at least two of them share a birthday.

**b.** (10 pts) How many people must be in a room so that the probability that at least two of them share a birthday is 0.5?

**2.** (20 points) Recall: The mode of a random variable X is the value of x where the pmf p(x) or pdf  $f_X(x)$  is maximized (depending on whether the random variable is continuous.) Find the mode of the following random variables.

**a.** (8 *pts*) X is discrete with pmf  $p(x) = e^{-10} \frac{10^x}{x!}$  for x = 0, 1, 2, 3, ...

**b.** (7 *pts*) X is continuous with pdf  $f_X(x) = \sin(x), 0 \le x \le \pi f_X(x) = 0$  otherwise.

c. (7 *pts*) X is continuous with pdf  $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{e^{-1}}e^x$  for  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,  $f_X(x) = 0$  otherwise.

**3.** (20 points) **a.** (10 pts) Construct an example showing that 3 events can be pairwise independent, but not mutually independent.

**b.** (10 pts) Suppose A, B, and C are mutually independent with  $\mathbb{P}(A) = 1/2$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(B) = 1/4$ ,  $\mathbb{P}(C) = 3/8$ . Find  $\mathbb{P}((A \cup B^c) \cap C^c)$ 

4. (20 points) A random word is chosen unformly from the sentence

"How much wood could a woodchuck chuck if a woodchuck could chuck wood."

Let X denote the length of the word. a. (10 pts) Find the pmf of X

**b.** (10 pts) Suppose two words are chosen uniformly from the sentence, with replacement. What is the probability that they have the same length?

**5.** (20 points) **a.** (10 pts) Suppose X is discrete with pmf  $p(x) = \frac{6}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^2}$ , p(x) = 0 otherwise. Find the pmf of  $Y = X^2$ .

**b.** (10 pts) Suppose X if continuous with pdf  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  for  $x \ge 1$ , f(x) = 0 otherwise. Find the pdf of  $Y = X^2$ .

## Scrap Page

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